

1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY

PRODUCT NAME: ANCHORSTIK FL4656

SUPPLIER: Redwood UK Ltd

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2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Toluene free sprayable polychloroprene adhesive

	CAS NUMBER	EC NUMBER	REACH REG NO.	M FACTOR (ACUTE)	M FACTOR (CHRONIC)	Classification
Cyclohexane (20- 35%)	110-82-7	203-806-	01- 2119463273- 41	1	1	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410
Acetone (10-20%)	67-64-1	200-662- 2	01- 2119471330- 49	N/A	N/A	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336
Hydrocarbons, C7- C9 n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics <0.1% benzene (5- 10%)	N/A	920-750- 0	01- 2119473851- 33	N/A	N/A	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
Butanone (5-10%)	78-93-3	201-159- 0	01- 2119457290- 43	N/A	N/A	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336
Hydrocarbons, C7 n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics <0.1% benzene (5- 10%)	N/A	927-510- 4	01- 2119475515- 33	N/A	N/A	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
Ethanol (1-5%)	64-17-5	200-578- 6	01- 2119457610- 43	N/A	N/A	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319



Xylene (<1%)	1330-20-	215-535-	01-	N/A	N/A	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
	7	7	2119488216-			Acute Tox. 4 - H312
			32			Acute Tox. 4 - H332
						Skin Irrit. 2 - H315
						Eye Irrit. 2 - H319
						STOT SE 3 - H335
						STOT RE 2 - H373
						Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
						Aquatic Chronic 3 -
						H412

3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HEALTH HAZARDS: Skin irritation 2 – H315 Eye Irritation. 2-

H319 STOT SE 3- H336. This product

is irritating to the eyes and skin.

AQUATIC TOXICITY: Aquatic Chronic 1 – H410. This product

contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organism and which may cause long-term adverse effects int eh

aquatic environment.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Flam Liq. 2 – H225. This product is

highly flammable. Vapours may form

explosive mixtures with air.

4 LABEL ELEMENTS







Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces,

sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P243 Take precautionary measures against

static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you

feel unwell.



Contains

Supplementary precautionary

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep container tightly closed.

CYCLOHEXANE, ACETONE, BUTANONE,

Hvdrocarbons.C7-

C9,nalkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics<0.1%benzene, Hydrocarbons,C7,n-alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area. statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call

a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of

water

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/ shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

5 FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information Move affected person to fresh air at once. Move

affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of

contamination. Move affected person to fresh air at once. If spray/mist has been inhaled,



proceed as follows. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention

if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty

of water to drink. Get medical attention if a large quantity has been ingested. Show this Safety

Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and

wash skin with soap and water.

Eye Contact Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate

protective equipment during any rescue. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out

mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effect, both acute and delayed

General Information The severity of the symptoms described will

vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Vapours may cause headache, fatigue,

dizziness and nausea.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin Contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation

and dry skin.

Eye Contact Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following:

Redness. Pain.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get

medical attention promptly.

Specific Treatments Treat symptomatically.

6 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon

dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this

will spread the fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products

may include the following substances: Irritating gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride (HCI)



Advice for Firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Ventilate

closed spaces before entering them. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear chemical protective suit. Use air-supplied

respirator, gloves and protective goggles.

7 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn

during removal of spillages in confined areas. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots,

clothing or apron, as appropriate.

For non-emergency personnel Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

For emergency responders Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or

onto the ground.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking,

sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb spillage with sand or other inert absorbent.

Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described on this

safety data sheet.

8 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and



water before leaving the work site. Avoid

inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with

skin and eyes.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly with soap and water if skin

becomes contaminated. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and

flames. Store in tightly closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store at

temperatures between 5°C and 25°C.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed

in this datasheet.

Usage description Adhesive.

9 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

CYCLOHEXANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 350 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 1050 mg/m³

ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics < 0.1% benzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 1,000 mg/m³ BUTANONE Long-term

exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm(Sk) 600 mg/m3(Sk)

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm(Sk) 899 mg/m3(Sk)

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 500 ppm 2085 mg/m³

ETHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Sk

METHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm(Sk) 266 mg/m3(Sk)



Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm(Sk) 333 mg/m3(Sk)

ETHYLBENZENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m³ Sk

FORMALDEHYDE ...%

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure

Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

CYCLOHEXANE (CAS: 110-82-7)
DNEL

Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic

effects: 700 mg/m

Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects:

700 mg/m³

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects:

2016 mg/kg/day

Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic

effects: 700 mg/m³

Industry - Oral; Long term local effects: 700

mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic

effects: 412 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects:

412 mg/m³

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects:

59.4 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic

effects: 1186 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.207 mg/l

- Marine water; 0.207 mg/l

- STP; 3.24 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 3.627 mg/kg

- Sediment (Marinewater); 3.627 mg/kg

- Soil; 2.99 mg/kg

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)

Ingredient comments

DNEL

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

Industry - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 186 mg/m³

Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects:

2420 mg/m³

Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 200 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic

effects: 62 mg/m³

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects:

186 mg/kg/day



PNEC - Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

- Marine water; 1.06 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg

- Soil; 29.5 mg/kg - STP; 100 mg/l

BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects:

31 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 412 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1161 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 106 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 600

mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 55.8 mg/l

- Marine water; 55.8 mg/l - Intermittent release;

55.8 mg/l

- STP; 709 mg/l

- Sediment (Marinewater); 284.7 mg/kg

- Soil; 22.5 mg/kg

- Sediment (Freshwater); 284.7 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics < 0.1% benzene

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects:

699 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 699 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 773 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 608 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2035

mg/m³

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

DNEL Industry - Dermal; Long term : 300 mg/kg/day

Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 2085 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 149 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 447 mg/m³

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects:

systemic effects: 206 mg/kg/day Industry Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343
mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Short term
local effects: 950 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation;
Short term local effects: 1900 mg/m³ Consumer
- Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 114
mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic

87 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term

effects: 950 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.96 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 3.6 mg/kg

- Marine water; 0.79 mg/l



- Soil; 0.63 mg/kg

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

DNEL

Consumer - Dermal: Long term systemic effects: 108 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long

term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 174 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term

systemic effects: 174 mg/m3 Industry -Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term local

effects: 289 ma/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.8 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long

term systemic effects: 77 mg/m³

- Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l PNEC

- Soil; 2.31 mg/kg

METHANOL (CAS: 67-56-1)

DNEL

Consumer - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term

systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day Consumer -Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term

systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day

Industry - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Short term

local effects: 260 mg/m³

Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic

effects: 260 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects:

50 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic

effects: 50 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 154 mg/l

- Marine water; 15.4 mg/l

- STP; 100 mg/l

- Soil; 23.5 mg/kg - Intermittent release; 1,540

mg/l

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 293 mg/m³ PNEC - Marine water; 0.01 mg/l - Intermittent release; 0.1 mg/l

- Sediment (Marinewater); 1.37 mg/l

PARATERTIARYBUTYLPHENOL (CAS: 98-54-4)

PNEC - Soil; 0.324 mg/kg

- Fresh water; 0.01 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 0.975 mg/l

- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0975 mg/l

Exposure controls Protective equipment

Eye/face protection



Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of Appropriate engineering controls

vapours. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.

This product should not be used under

conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.

Wear chemical splash goggles. Eyewear

complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with

European Standard EN166.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves made of the following

material: Nitrile rubber. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 6 hours. The most suitable glove should be chosen in

consultation with the glove

supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately

estimated.

Other skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing as protection

against splashing or contamination.

Hygiene measures Use engineering controls to reduce air

contamination to permissible exposure level. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and

using the toilet.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory

protection must be worn. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Combination

filter, type A2/P3. Ensure all respiratory

protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Half mask and quarter

mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European

Standard EN140.

Thermal hazards Contact with hot product can cause serious

thermal burns.

Environmental exposure controls Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.



10 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Liquid. **Appearance** Colour Amber. Red. Odour Organic solvents. Odour threshold Not determined. pΗ Not available. Melting point Not applicable.

Flash point 7°C CC (Closed cup).

Evaporation rate Not available. **Evaporation factor** Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Upper flammable/explosive limit: 19 Lower

flammable/explosive limit: 1

Not available. Vapour pressure Vapour density Not available. Relative density 0.818 @ 20°C **Bulk density** Not applicable. Solubility(ies) 9.0 - 10.0, ISO 976 Partition coefficient Not determined. Auto-ignition temperature Not determined. **Decomposition Temperature** Not determined. Viscosity 120-280 cP @ 23°C Explosive properties Not determined. Oxidising properties Not determined.

Comments Information declared as "Not available" or "Not

> applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the proper control

measures.

Other information

Refractive index Not applicable. Particle size Not available. Molecular weight Not applicable. Highly volatile. Volatility Saturation concentration Not available. Critical temperature Not determined.

This product contains a maximum VOC content Volatile organic compound

of 670 g/litre.

11 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards

> associated with this product. Chemical stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and

when used as recommended.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Not applicable.

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials-Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is



likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen

chloride (HCI).

12 TOXICOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD) Not determined.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD) Not determined.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC) Not determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Human skin model test Not determined. Extreme pH Not determined. Serious eye damage/irritation Not determined.

General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents

over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Inhalation

May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Ingestion Skin contact Product has a defatting effect on skin. May

cause allergic contact eczema. Irritating to skin.

Irritating to eyes. Causes serious eye irritation. Eye contact

Inhalation Skin absorption Route of entry

Medical symptoms Symptoms following overexposure to vapour

may include the following: Dry skin. Headache.

Intoxication.

CYCLOHEXANE

Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg) 5,050.0 **Species** Rat ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,050.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD 2,500.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,500.0 Acute toxicity inhalation (LC vapours mg/l) 2,593.0 **Species** Rat

ACETONE

Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg) 5,800.0 **Species** Rat ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,800.0

Acute toxicity dermal (LD 7,400.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit Acute toxicity - inhalation (LC vapours mg/l) 76.0



Species Rat ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 76.0

Hydrocarbons,C7-C9,n-alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics<0.1%benzene Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg) 5,850.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,850.0

Acute toxicity dermal (LD 3,000.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit ATE dermal (mg/kg) 3,000.0

BUTANONE

Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg) 2,193.0
Species Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg) 2,193.0

Acute toxicity - dermal (LD 5,050.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit ATE dermal (mg/kg) 5,050.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC vapours mg/l) 5,000.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 5,000.0

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg) 5,840.0
Species Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,840.0

Acute toxicity - dermal (LD 2,920.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,920.0

ETHANOL

Acute toxicity - oral (LD mg/kg) 7,060.0 Species Rat ATE oral (mg/kg) 7,060.0

Acute toxicity - dermal (LD 2,050.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,050.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation (LC vapours mg/l) 20,000.0

Species Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 20,000.0

XYLENE

Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg) 4,300.0 Species Rat ATE oral (mg/kg) 4,300.0

Acute toxicity dermal (LD 2,000.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation (LC vapours mg/l) 10.0



Species Rat ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 10.0

Carcinogenicity IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity

to humans.

Butylated reaction product of p-cresol & dicyclopentadiene
Acute toxicity - oral (LD mg/kg) 5,001.0
Species Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,001.0

Acute toxicity - dermal (LD 2,001.0 mg/kg)

Species Rat ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,001.0

METHANOL

Acute toxicity - oral ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal (LD 2,000.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation Acute toxicity inhalation (LC vapours mg/l) 20.0

Species Rat ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 20.0

ETHYLBENZENE

Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg) 3,500.0 Species Rat ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal (LD 4,100.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg) 4,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation (LC gases ppmV) 4,000.0
Species Rat
ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 4,000.0

Carcinogenicity IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

PARATERTIARYBUTYLPHENOL

Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg) 5,660.0 Species Rat ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,660.0

Acute toxicity – dermal (LD 4,100.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit ATE dermal (mg/kg) 4,100.0

Ecotoxicity Dangerous for the environment if

discharged into watercourses. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity Acute toxicity - fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants
Acute toxicity microorganisms
Acute toxicity - terrestrial
Chronic toxicity - fish early life

Not determined.
Not determined.
Not determined.
Not determined.

Short term toxicity - embryo and sac fry stages

Not determined.



Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Not determined.

CYCLOHEXANE

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C) $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1 \text{ M factor (Acute) } 1$

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 4.53 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head

Minnow) Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC , 48 hours: 0.9 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC , 72 hours: 3.4 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Chronic aquatic toxicity M factor (Chronic) 1

ACETONE

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Onchorhynchus

mykiss (Rainbow trout) LC50, 96 hours: 8,300

mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) LC , 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC , 48 hours: 8,800 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants NOEC, 96 hours: 430 mg/l, Freshwater algae

IC , 72 hours: >100 mg/l, Fish

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates

invertebrates

NOEC, 28 days: 10-<100 mg/l, Freshwater

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics < 0.1% benzene

Acute toxicity – fish LC , 96 hours: 1-10 mg/l, Algae NOEC, 0.1 : 1.0 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC , 48 hours: 10-100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity microorganisms IC , : 1-10 mg/l, Activated sludge NOEC, 0.01 :

0.1 mg/l, Activated sludge

BUTANONE

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 2993 mg/l, Pimephales

promelas (Fat-head Minnow) LC50, 48 hours: >

100 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) EC , 48 hours: 308 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants

EC , 96 hours: 2029 , Pseudokirchneriel

la subcapitata

Acute toxicity microorganisms EC , 96 hours: > 50 mg/l, Activated sludge

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Acute toxicity - fish

LC , 96 hours: 13.5 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Acute toxicity -

aquatic invertebrates EC , 48 hours: 3 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC , 72 hours: 10 mg/l, Freshwater algae

IC , 72 hours: 10 mg/l, Freshwater algae

Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage NOEC, 28 days: 1.53 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss

(Rainbow trout)

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, 21 days: 1 mg/l, Daphnia magna

ETHANOL

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 48 hours: > 100 mg/l, Leuciscus idus



(Golden orfe) LC , 96 hours: 1030 mg/l, Algae
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants

(Golden orfe) LC , 96 hours: 1030 mg/l, Algae
EC , 48 hours: > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna
EC , >: > 100 mg/l, Freshwater algae

XYLENE

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 8.9 - 16.4 mg/l, Pimephales

promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

EC , 96 hours: 86 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden

orfe)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC , 48 hours: 3.2- 9.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants

EC , 48 hours: 1 - 10 mg/l, Scenedesmus subs

picatus

Acute toxicity microorganisms Butylated reaction product of p-cresol &

dicyclopentadiene

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: > 0.2 mg/l, Freshwater fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC , 96 hours: > 0.2 mg/l, Daphnia magna

METHANOL

Acute toxicity - fish LC , 96 hours: >7900 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC , 24 hours: 7,600 mg/l, Daphnia magna Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC , >: > 500 mg/l, Freshwater algae

ETHYLBENZENE

Acute toxicity – fish LC50, 48 hours: 44 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC , 48 hours: 75 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants , : , Acute toxicity microorganisms , :

PARATERTIARYBUTYLPHENOL

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: > 4.71 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head

Minnow) Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates

EC , 48 hours: > 3.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Persistence and degradability

The product is expected to be slowly biodegradable.

Phototransformation
Stability (hydrolysis)
Not determined.
Biodegradation
Not determined.
Biological oxygen demand
Not determined.
Not determined.
Not determined.
Not determined.

CYCLOHEXANE

Biodegradation Degradation (%) - 77:

ACETONE

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation - Degradation (%): days readily biodegradable -

Degradation (%) 91: 28 days readily

biodegradable



Biological oxygen demand 1.9 g O /g substance Chemical oxygen demand 2.1 g O /g substance

BUTANONE

Persistence and degradability The product is biodegradable.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (%) 98: 28 days readily biodegradable

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Biodegradation Degradation (%) - 98:

ETHANOL

Biodegradation - Degradation (%) 70: >

XYLENE

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (%) 60: > 28 days readily biodegradable

ETHYLBENZENE

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (%) 70 - 80: 28 days readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

CYCLOHEXANE

Bioaccumulative potential: 83.15,

Partition coefficient: 3.44

ACETONE

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

BCF: < 10, Will not accumulate

BUTANONE

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

METHANOL

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 28,400, 9.0 - 10.0, ISO 976

Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Not determined.

Henry's law constant Not determined. Surface tension Not determined.

BUTANONE

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment



This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

ACETONE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any

substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

BUTANONE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any

substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

XYLENE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any

substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not known.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

General information Waste liquid components should be suitable for

incineration at an approved facility.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site

in accordance with the requirements of the local

Waste Disposal Authority.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1133 UN No. (IMDG) 1133 UN No. (ICAO) 1133

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG)

Proper shipping name (ICAO)

Proper shipping name (ICAO)

Proper shipping name (ADN)

ADHESIVES (CYCLOHEXANE)

ADHESIVES (CYCLOHEXANE)

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3
ADR/RID label 3
IMDG class 3
ICAO class/division 3

Transport labels





ADR/RID packing group II IMDG packing group II ICAO packing group II

Environmental hazards



Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-D Emergency Action Code • 3YE Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID) 33 Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Control of Pollution Act 1974.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002

(as amended).

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European

Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and

Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Guidance Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006) No specific authorisations are known for

this product.

Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific restrictions on use are

known for this

16 OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level. GHS: Globally Harmonized System.



IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.

LC: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Rail.

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.

BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.

EC: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.

NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.

LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level.

UN: United Nations.

IBC: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of

Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (International

Bulk Chemical Code).

Key literature references and sources for data

Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials Report, N.Sax

et.al.

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes

from the previous revision.

Hazard statements in full

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.



H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Reference should be made to any relevant local or national health, safety, and environmental legislation. This information does not constitute indication of suitability for specific use.

LEGAL DISCLAIMER:

The above information is based on our present knowledge of the product and is given in good faith. The information has been verified so far as is possible, but no obligation is accepted or is implied for its accuracy or completeness. It is presented in accordance with the requirements of 91/155/EEC as enacted into British practice by The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply Regulations 2002 SI 1689 2002). Unless otherwise stated statutory regulations refer to those for the United Kingdom, thus exposure limits, for example, are those for the UK.

It should be understood that the uses to which this material might be put and the conditions under which it is used are entirely beyond control of Redwood UK Ltd. Consequently, the assessment of the risks of using this material lie with the user: this information is NOT an assessment of those risks.